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DATE MAILED: 06/12/2006

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/707,326 | 11/06/2000 | Rodric C. Fan | M-9630 US | 9442 |
| 75 | 90 06/12/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| MACPHERSON KWOK CHEN & HEID LLP | | | .SHARMA, SUJATHA R | |
| 1762 TECHNOLOGY DRIVE SUITE 226 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| SAN JOSE, CA 95110 | | | 2618 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 09/707,326 | FAN ET AL. | | | |
| | | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | | Sujatha Sharma | 2684 | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) 🔀 | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 4/7/0 | 6 | | | | |
| · — | This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3)□ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| ٠, | closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | |
| Dienoeit | ion of Claims | | | | | |
| · | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ | 4) Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-7,10-62 and 64-74</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| 5 \ | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| · — | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| | 6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-7,10-62 and 64-74</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | |
| Applicat | ion Papers | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | |
| Priority ι | under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| a) | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No In this National Stage | | | |
| | e of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary | | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | | | |
| Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1,3,5-7,12-16,18-21,23,24,28,29,33,36,40-42,44,47-51,53
 55,57,59,61,62,66,68,71-74 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van Diggelen (herein after Diggelen) [US 6,587,789] in view of Fan [US 6,529,159].

Regarding claims 1,36,59, Diggelen discloses a method and apparatus for locating mobile receivers using a wide area reference network for propagating ephemeris. Diggelen further discloses an information processing station (108 in Fig. 1) connected and accessible via a data network (see col. 4, lines 27-36), said information processing station having a database to store navigation information regarding satellites. Diggelen further discloses a receiving station (126 in Fig. 1) including a position system receiver and a transmitter, said positioning system receiver receiving position/navigation information from a positioning system and transmitting positioning information to said information processing station via a data link for storage at said database. Diggelen further discloses a mobile unit (118 in Fig. 1) including a positioning system receiver and a wireless receiver, said mobile unit receiving said positioning information from said information processing station via said data network using wireless communication. See col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

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However Diggelen fails to disclose a method wherein the information processing station connected to and accessible via a data network, stores differential correction data.

Fan, in the same field of endeavor, teaches a method wherein the information processing station connected to and accessible via a data network, stores differential correction data. See Fig.2,3, and col. 3, line 64 – col. 4, line 27

Therefore it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the above teaching of Fan to store differential correction data in Diggelen's invention in order to acquire position information from GPS satellites and accurately determine the position of the mobile unit in order to avail the location dependent services.

Regarding claim 3, Diggelen further discloses the positioning system to be global positioning system (GPS), said positioning receiver is a GPS receiver and said positioning/navigation information is GPS satellite information. See Fig. 1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

Regarding claims 5,6,40,41,61,62, Diggelen discloses a method where the information processing station (108 in Fig. 1) distributes said satellite information by broadcasting satellite information through said data network and said mobile unit receives said broadcast satellite information through wireless communication (see fig. 1 and col. 4, lines27- 36).

Regarding claim 7,42,66, Diggelen discloses the satellite information comprising of ephemeris information defining the orbital parameters of said GPS satellites (see col. 1, line56 – col. 2, line 35).

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Regarding claims 44,68, Diggelen further discloses the satellite information to comprise of one or more navigation messages transmitted by said GPS satellites (see summary of invention).

Regarding claims 12,13,47,48,71,72, Diggelen further discloses the satellite information to also include satellite almanac information of said GPS satellites, where this data is further used by the mobile station to locate one or more GPS satellites above the horizon (see col. 1, lines 34-44).

Regarding claims 14,49,73, Diggelen further discloses the satellite information to include satellite clock correction factors of said GPS satellites. See col. 4, lines 13-17 and col. 6, lines 21-26.

Regarding claims 15,50,74, Diggelen further discloses the satellite information to include Doppler shift information (see col.1, lines 34-44 and col. 6, lines 62-66).

Regarding claims 16,51, Diggelen further discloses the satellite information to comprise of differential correction data computed by said receiving station (see col.1, lines 34-44 and col. 6, lines 62-66).

Regarding claim 18, Diggelen discloses the receiving station (126 in Fig.1) to be stationary (see col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36).

Regarding claims 19,53, Diggelen discloses a method where the receiving station is in direct line of sight of one or more GPS satellites continuously and substantially uninterrupted (see Fig. 1, and col.3, lines 1-67).

Regarding claims 20,21,54,55, Diggelen further discloses the data link to be a wireless data link or a wired data link. See Fig.1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

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Regarding claims 23,57, Diggelen discloses the data link as a communication data link through said data network. See Fig.1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

Regarding claim 24, Diggelen further discloses a wireless network gateway (116 in Fig.1) connected to said data network, said gateway providing wireless communication service to said mobile unit to provide the mobile unit information from the data network. See Fig.1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

Regarding claim 28, Diggelen discloses the communication service to comprise communication over a satellite data link. See Fig.1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36.

Regarding claims 29, 58, Diggelen discloses the data network to comprise of publicly shared network such as the Internet. See col. 4, lines 21-36.

Regarding claim 33, Diggelen discloses a method where the information processing station broadcasts said satellite information to the mobile unit/cell phone. See Fig.1 and col. 3, line 1- col. 4, line 36

3. Claims 17,25-27,38,39,43,52,60,65,67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van Diggelen (herein after Diggelen) [US 6,587,789] and Fan [US 6,529,159] in view of Twitchell [US 6,222,483].

Regarding claims 8,17,38,39,43,52,60,65,67, Diggelen and Fan disclose all the limitations as claimed. However, they do not disclose the method of triangulation to determine the position of the mobile unit.

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Twitchell, in the same field of endeavor, teaches the method of triangulation i.e. receives time of arrival information from at least three GPS satellites to determine the position of the mobile unit. See col. 2, lines 10-20.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the teachings of Twitchell to Diggelen and Fan in order to rapidly locate, track and acquire position information from GPS satellites and accurately determine the position of the mobile unit in order to avail the location dependent services.

Regarding claims 25-27, Twitchell further discloses communication service comprising communication using packet data structure, cellular telephone modem and using a SMS of a cellular communication structure. See col.7, lines 5-37.

4. Claims 10,11,30-35,45,46,69,70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van Diggelen (herein after Diggelen) [US 6,587,789] and Fan [US 6,529,159] in view of Sheynblat [US 6,583,756].

Regarding claims 10,11,45,46,69,70, Diggelen and Fan disclose all the limitations as claimed. They however do not disclose the satellite information to also include the health information of the said GPS satellites.

Sheynblat, in the same field of endeavor, teaches a method where the GPS receiver station also receives information concerning the status/health of the satellite. See col.2, line 65 - col.3, line 15.

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Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the teachings of Sheynblat to Diggelen and Fan in order to avoid acquiring and tracking of unhealthy satellites and thus rapidly locate, track and acquire position information from healthy satellites.

Regarding claims 30,31, Sheynblat further discloses the data processing station to include maps. See Fig, 2A and pages 6 and 7, pages 11 and 12.

Regarding claim 32, Sheynblat further discloses a method where the data processing station provides travel-related information to said mobile unit based on the measured position of said mobile unit. See summary of invention, page 12, paragraph 3, pages 26,27.page 30, paragraph 1, page 32, paragraph 1.

Regarding claim 34, Sheynblat further discloses a method where the user of the said cell phone places a 911 call using the said cell phone and determine its position using said broadcast satellite information from said information processing station. See page 12, paragraph 3.

Regarding claim 35, Sheynblat further discloses a method where the user of said mobile unit obtains location dependent information using the cell phone. See summary of invention, page 12, paragraph 3, pages 26,27.page 30, paragraph 1, page 32, paragraph 1.

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5. Claims 37,64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van Diggelen (herein after Diggelen) [US 6,587,789] in view of Fan [US 6,529,159].

Regarding claims 37,64, Diggelen and Fan disclose all the limitations as claimed.

Diggelen further disclose the receiving station to receive GPS satellite information from 28 satellites in earth's orbit.

The examiner takes official notice that the number of satellites depends on the availability of the satellites and the design of the satellite system and changing the number of satellites from 28 to 24 does not alter the scope of the invention.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to receive GPS satellite information from 24 satellites in earth's orbit in order to meet the system requirements and availability requirement.

6. Claims 22 and 56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over van Diggelen (herein after Diggelen) [US 6,587,789] in view of Fan [US 6,529,159].

Regarding claims 22 and 56, Diggelen modified by Fan discloses the use of landline for the data link. See col. 3, lines 45-52. Diggelen does not disclose particularly the use of T1 link for the data link.

However, the examiner takes official notice that a T1 link is a landline.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the landline link in the modified Diggelen's invention with a T1 link in order to increase the speed and capacity of the data transmission.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3,5-7,10-62 and 64-74 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sujatha Sharma whose telephone number is 571-272-7886. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7.30am - 4.00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew D. Anderson can be reached on 571-272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Sujatha Sharma June 6, 2006

Matthew D. Anderson Supervisory Patent Examiner